UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

RESIDENTIAL CAPITAL, LLC, et al.

1177 Avenue of Americas New York, NY 10036

> Case No. 12-12020 Chapter 11

Jointly Administered

Monthly Operating Report for the period from May 14, 2012 through May 31, 2012

MORRISON & FOERSTER LLP

(Debtors' Attorneys)

Monthly Operating Income (Loss): (\$119,186,510)

Report Preparer:

The undersigned, having reviewed the attached report and being familiar with the Debtors' financial affairs, verifies under the penalty of perjury that the information contained therein is complete, accurate and truthful to the best of my knowledge.

Date: July 25, 2012

James Whitlinger Chief Financial Officer

RESIDENTIAL CAPITAL, L.L.C., et al. Case No. 12-12020 JOINTLY ADMINISTERED DEBTORS IN POSSESSION INDEX TO MONTHLY OPERATING REPORT

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A. Global Notes

1. Background

Residential Capital, LLC ("<u>ResCap</u>"), together with its subsidiaries, is a real estate finance company that primarily focuses on residential mortgage markets in the United States. Their primary and most valuable business operations consist of servicing mortgage loans for investors, including loans originated by Ally Bank and other third parties. As of March 31, 2012, ResCap was servicing approximately 2.4 million domestic residential mortgage loans.

2. Introduction

On May 14, 2012 (the "Commencement Date"), ResCap and certain of its subsidiaries (each a "Debtor" and collectively, the "Debtors"), filed voluntary petitions (the "Chapter 11 Cases") for relief under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code") in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Bankruptcy Court"). The Debtors continue to operate their businesses and manage their properties as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. On May 16, 2012, the United States Trustee for the Southern District of New York appointed a statutory committee of creditors pursuant to section 1102(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. On July 3, 2012, the court appointed Arthur J. Gonzalez as the examiner. Information contained herein may differ from the Debtors' filings on the Commencement Date due to more accurate information becoming available.

3. Accounting Principles

The financial statements and supplemental information contained herein are preliminary and unaudited. In addition, the financial statements included in MOR-2 and MOR-3 represent the financial condition and results of operations of the consolidated ResCap group, which includes the Debtors and non-Debtor affiliates. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as it applies to debtors in possession. The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and income and expenses during the reporting period. In developing these estimates and assumptions, management uses available evidence at the time of the financial statements. Because of uncertainties associated with estimating the amounts, timing and likelihood of possible outcomes, actual results could differ from our estimates. Supplemental information contained herein is generally presented on a cash and/or invoiced basis.

4. General Methodology

The Debtors prepared this Monthly Operating Report ("MOR") relying primarily upon the information set forth in its books and records. In preparing this MOR, the Debtors made reasonable efforts to supplement the information set forth in its books and records

with additional information concerning transactions that may not have been identified therein to the extent necessary.

5. Past Performance

The financial position and results of operations contained herein are not necessarily indicative of results which may be expected for any other period or for the full year and as a result, may not reflect the consolidated financial position and results of operations of the Debtors in the future.

6. Accounts Payable

To the best of the Debtors' knowledge, all post-petition trade payables are current as of the date of this filing.

7. Carrying Value of Assets

Unless otherwise indicated, the values for assets contained in this MOR are book values as of the reporting period. Amounts ultimately realized from the disposition of the Debtors' assets may vary materially from their book value. The Debtors reserve their right to amend or adjust the value of each asset or liability set forth herein.

8. Liabilities Not Subject to Compromise

Although payment of prepetition claims generally is not permitted, the Bankruptcy Court has granted the Debtors the authority, but not the requirement, to pay certain pre-petition claims in designated categories and subject to certain terms and conditions. This relief generally was designed to preserve the value of the Debtors' businesses and assets. To the extent such claims have been categorized as "Liabilities Not Subject to Compromise," the Debtors reserve their right not to pay those amounts if they believe the payment not to be in the best interest of the Debtors' estates (collectively, the "Estate"). The Debtors have paid and intend to continue to pay undisputed post-petition obligations incurred in the ordinary course of their businesses.

9. Liabilities Subject to Compromise

As a result of commencing the Chapter 11 Cases, the payment of prepetition indebtedness is "Subject to Compromise" or other treatment under a chapter 11 plan. Generally, actions to enforce or otherwise effect payment of prepetition liabilities are stayed.

The filing of the Chapter 11 Cases constituted an event of default under, or otherwise triggered repayment obligations with respect to, a number of debt instruments and agreements relating to direct and indirect financial obligations of the Debtors (collectively, the "Prepetition Debt"). As a result, the Debtors' Prepetition Debt became automatically and immediately due and payable. The Debtors believe that any efforts to enforce the payment obligations in connection with the Prepetition debt have been stayed as a result of the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases.

10. Reservation of Rights

Given the complexity of the Debtors' businesses, inadvertent errors or omissions may have occurred in the preparation of this MOR. Accordingly, the Debtors hereby reserve all rights to dispute the validity, status, enforceability or the executory nature of any claim amounts, representations or other statements in this MOR and reserve the right to amend or supplement this MOR, if necessary.

Nothing contained in this MOR shall constitute a waiver of the Debtors' rights or an admission with respect to the Chapter 11 Cases, including with respect to any issues involving the Debtors' ownership interests, substantive consolidation, equitable subordination, defenses and/or causes of action arising under chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code and any other applicable non-bankruptcy law.

B. Notes to Balance Sheet (MOR-3)

In accordance with GAAP, ResCap is required to recognize certain assets and related liabilities that were legally transferred to variable interest entities through securitization transactions. These assets are not considered assets of the Debtors as the transfers satisfied the conditions of a legal sale to a bankruptcy-remote entity. At May 31, 2012, mortgage loans held for sale includes \$2.3 billion of delinquent loans (primarily GNMA loans) subject to conditional repurchase options whereby the Debtors have the option, but not the obligation, to repurchase delinquent assets from off-balance sheet securitizations. The corresponding \$2.3 billion liability is recorded in Other liabilities. At May 31, 2012, Finance receivables and loans, net, includes \$737.1 million related to private-label securitizations that the Debtors are required to consolidate under GAAP. The corresponding liabilities are recorded in Collateralized borrowings in securitization trusts, \$554.8 million, and Other borrowings, \$167.3 million.

C. Notes to Accounts Receivable Reconciliation and Aging (MOR-5)

Due to the nature of the Debtors' businesses, an aging of accounts receivable is not indicative of collectability and therefore an aging of accounts receivables is not maintained. The majority of the accounts receivable are comprised of servicer advances made by the Debtors to the investors in mortgage loans serviced by the Debtors. Such advances are made to maintain the scheduled cash flows in the event of borrower default or delinquency and have a priority claim to the cash flows in the event of foreclosure or liquidation. The next largest component of the Debtors' accounts receivable balance is for governmental guarantees for loans in foreclosure.

D. Notes to Debtor Questionnaire (MOR-7)

1. Question 2 Notes

a. The Debtors have control over custodial accounts which are used to disburse non-debtor owned funds to various parties pursuant to the Debtors' servicing business. The Debtors obtained Bankruptcy Court approval to continue to

operate their servicing business in the ordinary course, including the disbursement of funds from these custodial accounts.

- b. The Debtors are in compliance with the Final Order under Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a), 345, 363, 364, and 503(b)(1) and Bankruptcy Rules 6003 and 6004 Authorizing (I) Continued Use of Cash Management Services and Practices, (II) Continued Use of Existing Bank Accounts, Checks and Business Forms, (III) Implementation of Modified Cash Management Procedures and Use of Certain Bank Accounts Established in Connection with Use of Pre- And Post-Petition Lenders' Financing Facilities and Cash Collateral, (IV) Waiver of the Investment and Deposit Requirements of Bankruptcy Code Section 345, (V) Debtors to Honor Specified Outstanding Prepetition Payment Obligations, and (VI) Continuation of Intercompany Transactions and Granting Administrative Expense Status to Intercompany Claims [Docket No. 393] (the "Cash Management Order"), approved on June 15, 2012.
- c. As part of the Debtors' normal course of business, certain third parties make payments on the Debtors' behalf and the Debtors also disburse custodial funds from various custodial accounts which are not debtor-in-possession accounts. These payments are made in accordance with the applicable Bankruptcy Court orders and are a necessary part of the Debtor's business operations.

2. Question 4 & 5 Notes

Insurance coverage for the Debtors is provided through policies maintained by Ally Financial Inc. ("Ally"). The Debtors reimburse Ally for their share of the insurance coverage in accordance with the terms and conditions of the shared service agreement approved by the bankruptcy court. The Debtors have made all reimbursement payments to Ally for its insurance obligations. Since the Debtors do not directly contract for their own insurance coverage, the Debtors would not be the party to receive notices from the insurance providers regarding any lapse in coverage. The Debtors have confirmed with Ally that all necessary insurance policies remain in effect as of the date of this MOR.

3. Question 6 Notes

The Debtors have received Bankruptcy Court authority to pay certain prepetition liabilities pursuant to the *Order under Bankruptcy Code sections 105, 507 and 541 and Bankruptcy Rule 6003, Authorizing, but not directing, the Debtors to Honor Certain Prepetition Obligations* [Docket No. 95] and the *Supplemental Order for Interim Relief Under Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a), 362, 363, 502, 1107(a), and 1108 and Bankruptcy Rule 9019 (I) Authorizing the Debtors to Continue Implementing Loss Mitigation Programs; (II) Approving Procedures for Compromise and Settlement of Certain Claims, Litigations and Causes of Action; (III) Granting Limited Stay Relief to Permit Foreclosure and Eviction Proceedings, Borrower Bankruptcy Cases, and Title Disputes to Proceed; and (IV) Authorizing and Directing the Debtors to Pay Securitization Trustee Fees and Expenses* [Docket No. 391] (collectively, the "Payment Orders"). The Debtors have established procedures for the evaluation and approval of payments related to

these specific prepetition liabilities. The Debtors believe that they are in compliance with the caps and noticing requirements in the Payment Orders.

4. Question 7 Notes

In the ordinary course of their businesses, the Debtors generate receivables from Ally Bank, Ally, and other affiliates as a result of hedging, servicing, origination, shared services, and other transactions between the Debtors and these affiliates. The Debtors are collecting amounts owed on these receivables in accordance with the agreements related to these services and post-petition practices.

5. Question 8 Notes

Consistent with relief granted by the bankruptcy court under the *Final Order Under Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a), 363(b), 507(a), 1107 and 1108 and Bankruptcy Rule 6003 (i) Authorizing, but not directing, the Debtors to (a) Pay and Honor Prepetition Wages, Compensation, Employee Expense and Employee Benefit Obligations; and (b) Maintain and Continue Employee Compensation and Benefit Programs, and (ii) Directing Banks to Honor Prepetition Checks and Transfer Requests for Payment of Prepetition Employee Obligations [Docket No. 393] (the "Wages Order") and past practices, the Debtors' payroll and related taxes are paid by Ally on the Debtors' behalf, and the Debtors reimburse Ally for these payments. The Debtors are current with their payments to Ally and believe Ally has paid these obligations on the Debtors' behalf.*

6. Question 12 Notes

The Debtors have received Bankruptcy Court authority to pay prepetition taxes pursuant to the *Final Order Under Bankruptcy Code Sections 105(a), 363, 506(a), 507(a)(8), 541 and 1129 and Bankruptcy Rule 6003 Authorizing Payment of Taxes and Regulatory Fees* [Docket No. 384]. The Debtors believe they are in compliance with the relief granted under this order.

7. Question 13 Notes

The Debtors do not consider post-petition invoices as past due or delinquent if such invoices are subject to dispute, or further review and/or reconciliation with the vendor.

8. Question 14 Notes

Consistent with the agreements in place prepetition, the Debtors' payroll and related taxes are paid by Ally on the Debtors' behalf. In accordance with the Wages Order, the Debtors continue to reimburse Ally for these payments. The Debtors are current with their payments to Ally and believe Ally has paid these obligations on the Debtors' behalf in a timely matter.

9. Question 15 Notes

The Debtors received \$1.26 billion under the DIP Credit Agreement entered into with Barclays Bank, PLC ("Barclays DIP") on May 16, 2012

Refer to MOR-1 for DIP borrowing activity and MOR-3 for DIP loan balances.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re Residential Capital, LLC, et al.	Case No	12-12020
Debtor	Reporting Period:	May 14, 2012 - May 31, 2012
		18
	Federal Tax I.D. #	20-1770738

CORPORATE MONTHLY OPERATING REPORT

File with the Court and submit a copy to the United States Trustee within 20 days after the end of the month and submit a copy of the report to any official committee appointed in the case.

(Reports for Rochester and Buffalo Divisions of Western District of New York are due 15 days after the end of the month, as are the reports for Southern District of New York.)

REQUIRED DOCUMENTS	Form No.	Document Attached	Explanation Attached
Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements	<u>MOR-1</u>	X	
Bank Reconciliation (or copies of debtor's bank reconciliations)	MOR-1 (CON'T)		X
Copies of bank statements	1963 VIII 1965		X
Cash disbursements journals	建设设施设施	N/A	
Statement of Operations	MOR-2	X	
Balance Sheet	<u>MOR-3</u>	X	
Status of Post-petition Taxes	MOR-4 (CON'T)		X
Copies of IRS Form 6123 or payment receipt		N/A	
Copies of tax returns filed during reporting period	CHAIR BURNAL BURNES OF STORE	N/A	
Summary of Unpaid Post-petition Debts	MOR-4	X	
Listing of Aged Accounts Payable			X
Accounts Receivable Reconciliation and Aging	<u>MOR-5</u>	X	•
Taxes Reconciliation and Aging	<u>MOR-5</u>		X
Payments to Insiders and Professional	MOR-6	X	
Post Petition Status of Secured Notes, Leases Payable	MOR-6	X	
Debtor Questionnaire	MOR-7		X

I declare under penalty of perjury (28 U.S.C. Section 1746) that this report and the attached documents are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Printed Name of Authorized Individual

And Whiting

Date 7/25/12

^{*}Authorized individual must be an officer, director or shareholder if debtor is a corporation; a partner if debtor is a partnership; a manager or member if debtor is a limited liability company.

In re Residential Capital, LLC, et al. Debtor

Debtors' Cash Flow by Line Item (unaudited) $^{(3)(4)}$

May 14, 2012 - May 31, 2012

(\$ in thousands)

Case No. 12-12020
Reporting Period: May 14-31, 2012

Case Number	Consolidated Entities (1)	Ditech	ŕ	Prop L	Holding perties, LC	Was	ETS of shington, Inc.	Mort Cor	EMAC gage USA poration	Res H Co	GMAC sidential folding empany, LLC	Cor Ler Service	ome unects ading es, LLC	Tran I	ve Asset sactions LLC
Beginning Cash Balance	\$ 472,830	\$	856	\$	11	\$	13	\$	500	\$	23	\$	5	\$	1,315
Receipts															
Loan Sales/Redeliveries/Claims Proceeds	128,510		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Hedge Proceeds	98,332		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Returns on Servicer Advances	416,517		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Loan and Securities Collections	25,740		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,413
Fee Income	34,504		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other Receipts, net	22,465		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Receipts	726,068		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,413
Disbursements ⁽²⁾															
Servicer Advances	(569,426)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Hedge Disbursements	(5,705)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Originations/Repurchases	(113,374)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts Payable and Payroll	(7,469)		-		-		-		-		(3)		-		-
Other Disbursements	-		-		-		-		-		- '		-		(29)
Subtotal Disbursements	(695,974)		-	-	-		-		-	-	(3)		-		(29)
Retained Professional Fees / Reorganization Costs	(1,260)		_		_		-		_		-		_		-
Debt Interest/Fees/Expenses	(34,502)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Disbursements	(731,736)		-		-		-		-		(3)		-		(29)
Net Cash Flow (excl. intercompany, debt draws/paydowns)	(5,668)		-		-		-		-		(3)		-		1,384
Intercompany	2,253		_		_		_		_		-		_		(1,413)
Debt Draws/(Paydowns)	532,145		-		-								-		-
Net Cash Flow	528,730		-		-		-		-		(3)		-		(29)
Ending Cash Balance	\$ 1,001,560	\$	856	\$	11	\$	13	\$	500	\$	20	\$	5	\$	1,286

Note - Cash balances represent bank cash balances, and excludes cash accounts classified as restricted cash on the balance sheet

⁽¹⁾ Includes Residential Capital, LLC (12-12020); GMAC Mortgage, LLC (12-12032); Residential Funding Company, LLC (12-12019); GMACM Borrower, LLC (12-12035); and RFC Borrower, LLC (12-12068)

⁽²⁾ See MOR 6 for details of disbursements to affiliates

⁽³⁾ Debtors not listed in MOR-1 had no cash activity or balances in the MOR reporting period

⁽⁴⁾ Above schedule uses direct cash flow method and pertains to Debtor entities only

In re Residential Capital, LLC, et al. Debtor

Case No. 12-12020

Reporting Period: May 14-31, 2012

Debtors' Cash Flow by Line Item (unaudited)(3)(4)

May 14, 2012 - May 31, 2012

(\$ in thousands)

Case Number	I	IV2004 LC 12051	Residential Consumer Services, LLC	Residential Funding Mortgage Exchange, LLC	RFC Asset Holdings II, LLC	RFC Asset Management, LLC	RFC SFJV 2002, LLC	RFC Construction Funding, LLC	Total
Beginning Cash Balance	\$	4	\$ -	\$ 25	\$ 55	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 483	\$ 476,131
Receipts									
Loan Sales/Redeliveries/Claims Proceeds		-	=	=	=	=	=	=	128,510
Hedge Proceeds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98,332
Returns on Servicer Advances		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	416,517
Loan and Securities Collections		-	-	-	967	-	-	-	28,120
Fee Income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,504
Other Receipts, net			109	-	-				22,574
Total Receipts		-	109	-	967	-	-	-	728,557
Disbursements ⁽²⁾									
Servicer Advances		-	-	-	-	-	=	=	(569,426)
Hedge Disbursements		-	-	-	-	-	=	=	(5,705)
Originations/Repurchases		-	-	-	-	-	=	=	(113,374)
Accounts Payable and Payroll		(0)	-	-	(0)	(0)	(0)	=	(7,472)
Other Disbursements		- '	-	-	- '	- '	- ' '	=	(29)
Subtotal Disbursements	-	(0)	-	-	(0)	(0)	(0)	-	(696,006)
Retained Professional Fees / Reorganization Costs		-	=	-	-	-	-	-	(1,260)
Debt Interest/Fees/Expenses		-	=	=	=	-	=	=	(34,502)
Total Disbursements		(0)	-	-	(0)	(0)	(0)	-	(731,768)
Net Cash Flow (excl. intercompany, debt draws/paydowns)		(0)	109	-	967	(0)	(0)	-	(3,211)
Intercompany		_	(109)	_	(731)	_	_	_	_
Debt Draws/(Paydowns)		-	-		- (731)			<u> </u>	532,145
Net Cash Flow		(0)	=	=	236	(0)	(0)	=	528,934
Ending Cash Balance	\$	4	\$ -	\$ 25	\$ 291	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 483	\$ 1,005,065

Note - Cash balances represent bank cash balances, and excludes cash accounts classified as restricted cash on the balance sheet
(1) Includes Residential Capital, LLC (12-12020); GMAC Mortgage, LLC (12-12032); Residential Funding Company, LLC (12-12019); GMACM Borrower, LLC (12-12035); and RFC Borrower, LLC (12-12068)
(2) See MOR 6 for details of disbursements to affiliates

⁽³⁾ Debtors not listed in MOR-1 had no cash activity or balances in the MOR reporting period

⁽⁴⁾ Above schedule uses direct cash flow method and pertains to Debtor entities only

CONTINUATION SHEET FOR MOR-1

Re: Residential Capital, LLC, et al. SDNY. Bankr. No. 12-12020

Debtors Statements with respect to Bank Account Reconciliations and Copies of Bank Statements

Bank Account Reconciliations

The Debtors affirm that reconciliations for all open and active bank accounts are prepared and maintained by the Debtors. Bank account reconciliations are not attached to this monthly operating report, however, if the U.S. Trustee requests copies, the Debtors will provide all reconciliations as soon as practical. Accounts are reconciled on a monthly basis. The Debtors maintain over 100 bank accounts, attaching bank reconciliations would be administratively burdensome.

Bank Statements

The Debtors affirm that bank statements for all open and active bank accounts are maintained by the Debtors.

Copies of bank statements are not attached to this monthly operating report, however, if the U.S. Trustee requests copies, the Debtors will provide them as soon as practical. The Debtors maintain over 100 bank accounts, attaching bank statements would be administratively burdensome.

In re Residential Capital, LLC, et al. Case No. 12-12020

Debtor Reporting Period: May 14-31, 2012

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income $(unaudited)^{(A)}$

Debtor-in-possession

(\$ in thousands)

(\$ in mousulus)		05/14/2012 -
Revenue		05/31/2012
	ф	10.045
Interest income	\$	19,947
Interest expense		13,055
Net financing revenue		6,892
Other revenue		••••
Servicing fees		20,817
Servicing asset valuation and hedge activities, net		(106,735)
Total servicing loss, net		(85,918)
Gain on mortgage loans, net		4,675
Loss on foreclosed real estate		(265)
Other revenue, net		5,045
Total other revenue		(76,463)
Total net revenue		(69,571)
Provision for loan losses		153
Noninterest expense		
Representation and warranty expense, net		-
Mortgage fines and penalties		(38,500)
Compensation and benefits		20,338
Other noninterest expense, net		1,435
Total noninterest expense		(16,727)
Loss from continuing operations before reorganization expense and		
income tax expense		(52,997)
Reorganization expense		
Accrued retained professional fees		8,682
Debt issuance & facility commitment fees		56,343
Total reorganization expense		65,025
Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense		(118,022)
Income tax expense		1,161
Net loss from continuing operations		(119,183)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax		(4)
Net loss	\$	(119,187)
(A) Non-Debtor Entity Net Income (Loss)	\$	(1,998)

Non-debtor entity net income is before the elimination of transactions with debtor entities.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with guidelines applicable in a Chapter 11 reorganization. These financial statements are subject to change as a result of determinations of the bankruptcy court.

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In re Residential Capital, LLC, et al.

Case No. 12-12020

Reporting Period: May 14-31, 2012

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet $(unaudited)^{(A)}$

Debtor-in-possession

(\$ in thousands)

Debtor

	May 31, 2012
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,061,286
Mortgage loans held-for-sale	4,182,601
Finance receivables and loans, net	
Consumer	738,377
Commercial	1,239
Allowance for loan losses	(8,820)
Total finance receivables and loans, net	730,796
Mortgage servicing rights	1,023,770
Accounts receivable, net	3,139,528
Other assets	409,849
Total assets	\$ 10,547,830

Liabilities			
Liabilities not subject to compromise:			
Borrowings			
Borrowings from Ally Financial Inc.	\$	1,127,151	
Collateralized borrowings in securitization trusts		554,763	
Borrowings from DIP facility		1,250,000	
Other borrowings		325,717	
Total borrowings		3,257,631	
Other liabilities		2,764,544	
Total liabilities not subject to compromise		6,022,175	
Liabilities subject to compromise		4,204,198	(B)
Total liabilities		10,226,373	
Equity			
Member's interest		11,755,962	
Accumulated deficit		(11,367,335)	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(67,170)	
Total equity		321,457	
Total liabilities and equity	\$	10,547,830	
(A) Non-Debtor Entity Balances			
Total assets	<u></u> \$	306,248	
Total liabilities	\$	230,803	

Non-debtor entity balances are before the elimination of balances and transactions with debtor entities.

(B) Liabilities subject to compromise consist of the following:	
Junior secured notes	\$ 2,429,772
Senior unsecured notes	708,811
Foreign unsecured notes	296,217
Representation and warranty reserves	628,191
Other	141,207
Total liabilities subject to compromise	\$ 4,204,198

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with guidelines applicable in a Chapter 11 reorganization. These financial statements are subject to change as a result of determinations of the bankruptcy court.

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In re Residential Capital, LLC, et al.

Case No. 12-12020

Debtor

Reporting Period: May 14-31, 2012

SUMMARY OF UNPAID POST-PETITION DEBTS

Attach aged listing of accounts payable.

Number of Days Past Due

	Current	1-30		31-6	50	61	-90	Ove	er 91	Total
Accounts Payable ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$ 924,994	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 924,994
Total Post-petition Debts (3)(4)	\$ 924,994	\$	-	\$,	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 924,994

⁽¹⁾ Aging is based on due date, terms are generally 30-60 days

STATUS OF POST-PETITION TAXES

Debtors Statement with Respect to Status of Post-Petition Taxes

Post-petition taxes for the Debtors, which are not subject to dispute or reconciliation, and are authorized to be paid under the relief granted by the Bankruptcy Court are current. There are no material tax disputes or reconciliations. Post-petition tax information is not attached to this monthly operating report, however if the U.S. Trustee requests copies, the Debtors will provide a status update on post-petition taxes as soon as practical.

The Debtors are parties to Tax Sharing Agreements with Ally, which provide for the filing of consolidated returns by Ally for Federal and certain state income taxes. Prior to the filing of bankruptcy, the Debtors would reimburse Ally for their portion of the tax liability, if any. As a result of the filing for Chapter 11, the Debtors do not have authority to pay either pre or post petition tax obligations under these Tax Sharing Agreements.

⁽²⁾ The Debtors do not consider post petition invoices as past due or delinquent if such invoices are subject to dispute, or further review and/or reconciliation with the vendor.

⁽³⁾ Includes all vouchered accounts payable items, excludes post petition items found on MOR-6

⁽⁴⁾Employee wages for the Debtors are paid by Ally. The Debtors reimburse Ally for its share of the employee wages. The Debtors sought and received Bankruptcy Court approval to continue this practice post-petition. The Debtors are current with their reimbursements to Ally.

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In re Residential Capital, LLC, et al.

Debtor

Case No. 12-12020

Reporting Period: May 14-31, 2012

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE RECONCILIATION

Accounts Receivable Reconciliation	Amount
Total Accounts Receivable Advances, net of reserves	\$ 2,037,647,011
Plus: Accounts Receivable Claims/Fees, net of reserves	1,031,138,732
Total Accounts Receivable at the end of the reporting period	\$ 3,068,785,743

Accounts Receivable	Total A	dvances ^(a)	Service Fees	Late Fees	Gov't Claims ^(b)	Interest HFS	Total
Primary	\$	706,044,382 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 706,044,382
Master		209,305,571	5,756,085	-	-	-	215,061,656
FHLMC		84,486,472	5,793,247	3,953,038	-	-	94,232,757
FNMA		166,107,766	15,259,081	8,671,257	-	-	190,038,104
GNMA		66,910,757	12,454,703	5,665,564	969,769,120	-	1,054,800,145
Private		593,712,964	11,258,842	10,947,858	-	-	615,919,664
Subserviced		121,397,591	5,728,219	357,308	-	-	127,483,118
ResCap HFS		141,393,435	-	475,294	-	14,416,346	156,285,075
Other		(8,213,409)	10,220,602	10,333,138	-	-	12,340,332
Total Accounts Receivable	\$ 2	,081,145,530 \$	66,470,778	\$ 40,403,459	\$ 969,769,120	\$ 14,416,346	\$ 3,172,205,232
Less: Reserve for Bad Debt		43,498,519	10,220,602	10,333,138	39,367,230	-	103,419,489
Net Accounts Receivable	\$ 2	,037,647,011 \$	56,250,176	\$ 30,070,320	\$ 930,401,890	\$ 14,416,346	\$ 3,068,785,743

⁽a)Primary & Master represent P&I only

Note: Due to the nature of the Debtors' businesses, an aging of accounts receivable is not indicative of collectability and therefore an aging of accounts receivables is not maintained. The majority of the Debtors' accounts receivable are comprised of servicer advances made to investors in mortgage loans serviced by the Debtors. Such advances are made to maintain the scheduled cash flows current in the event of borrower default or delinquency and the Debtors have a priority claim to the cash flows in the event of foreclosure or liquidation. The next largest component of the Debtors' accounts receivable balance is related to governmental guarantees for loans in foreclosure.

⁽b)Government claims include accrued interest

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 In re Residential Capital, LLC, et al.
 Case No. 12-12020

 Debtor
 Reporting Period:
 May 14-31, 2012

PAYMENTS TO INSIDERS AND PROFESSIONALS

Of the total disbursements shown on the Cash Receipts and Disbursements Report (MOR-1) list the amount paid to insiders (as defined in Section 101(31) (A)-(F) of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code) and to professionals. For payments to insiders, identify the type of compensation paid (e.g. Salary, Bonus, Commissions, Insurance, Housing Allowance, Travel, Car Allowance, Etc.). Attach additional sheets if necessary.

INSIDERS					
	THE OF DAYS THE	ALLOYDUT DATE	TOTAL PAID TO		
NAME	TYPE OF PAYMENT	AMOUNT PAID	DATE		
Ally Bank	Servicing Related	\$ 36,749,701	\$ 36,749,701		
Ally Commercial Finance LLC	Servicing Related	370,806	370,806		
Ally Financial Inc.	Payroll	7,059,376	7,059,376		
Ally Investment Management, LLC	Derivatives Collateral, net	5,705,189	5,705,189		
Debtors' Officers & Directors, paid via Ally	Payroll	409,639	409,639		
	TOTAL PAYMENTS TO INSIDERS	\$ 50,294,711	\$ 50,294,711		

PROFESSIONALS						
NAME	DATE OF COURT ORDER AUTHORIZING PAYMENT	AMOUNT APPROVED	AMOUNT PAID	TOTAL PAID TO DATE	TOTAL INCURRED & UNPAID*	
Kurtzman Carson Consultants LLC ⁽¹⁾	5/16/2012	\$ 1,260,000	\$ 1,260,000	\$ 1,260,000	\$ 2,520,000	
TOTAL PA	YMENTS TO PROFESSIONALS	\$ 1,260,000	\$ 1,260,000	\$ 1,260,000	\$ 2,520,000	

^{*} INCLUDE ALL FEES INCURRED, BOTH APPROVED AND UNAPPROVED

POST-PETITION STATUS OF SECURED NOTES, LEASES PAYABLE AND ADEQUATE PROTECTION PAYMENTS

NAME OF CREDITOR	SCHEDULED MONTHLY PAYMENT DUE	AMOUNT PAID DURING MONTH	TOTAL UNPAID POST- PETITION
American Mortgage Consultants, Inc.	\$ 57,120	\$ 57,120	\$ -
Barclays Bank, PLC	34,114,684	34,114,684	-
Barclays Bank, PLC	467,855,015	467,855,015	-
BMMZ Holdings, LLC	250,000,000	250,000,000	-
BNY Mellon	5,453	5,453	-
Clayton Services LLC	114,745	114,745	-
Digital Lewisville	117,968	117,968	-
Hunton and Williams	109,112	109,112	-
MapleFS	5,550	5,550	-
Maples and Calder	30,417	30,417	-
McGuireWoods	25,000	25,000	-
Pentalpha Funding LLC	40,000	40,000	-
Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom	1,377,817	-	1,377,817
TOTAL AMOUNTS	\$ 753,852,880	\$ 752,475,064	\$ 1,377,817

Note: Adequate Protection Payments consisting of current post-petition payments of interest at the non-default rate is calculated based on the Revolver balance of \$400 million. If the Plan Support Agreement is terminated pursuant to its terms, the Lenders shall be entitled to payment of interest on the full amount outstanding under the Revolver, including all accrued and unpaid interest thereon.

⁽¹⁾ The Debtors are authorized to compensate the Claims and Noticing Agent in accordance with the terms of the Engagement Agreement upon the receipt of reasonably detailed invoices setting forth the services provided by the Claims and Noticing Agent. The payments only include invoiced fees, no accruals are listed.

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In re Residential Capital, LLC, et al.

Case No. 12-12020 **Reporting Period:** May 14-31, 2012 Debtor

DEBTOR QUESTIONNAIRE				
Must be completed each month. If the answer to any of the questions is "Yes", provide a detailed explanation of each item. Attach additional sheets if necessary.*	Yes	No		
1 Have any assets been sold or transferred outside the normal course of business this reporting period?		X		
2 Have any funds been disbursed from any account other than a debtor in possession account this reporting period?	X			
3 Is the Debtor delinquent in the timely filing of any post-petition tax returns?		X		
4 Are workers compensation, general liability or other necessary insurance coverages expired or cancelled, or has the debtor received notice of expiration or cancellation of such policies?		X		
5 Is the Debtor delinquent in paying any insurance premium payment?		X		
6 Have any payments been made on pre-petition liabilities this reporting period?	X			
7 Are any post petition receivables (accounts, notes or loans) due from related parties?	X			
8 Are any post petition payroll taxes past due?		X		
9 Are any post petition State or Federal income taxes past due?		X		
10 Are any post petition real estate taxes past due?		X		
11 Are any other post petition taxes past due?		X		
12 Have any pre-petition taxes been paid during this reporting period?	X			
Are any amounts owed to post petition creditors delinquent?		X		
14 Are any wage payments past due?		X		
15 Have any post petition loans been received by the Debtor from any party?	X			
16 Is the Debtor delinquent in paying any U.S. Trustee fees?		X		
17 Is the Debtor delinquent with any court ordered payments to attorneys or other professionals?		X		
Have the owners or shareholders received any compensation outside of the normal course of business?		X		

^{*}See Global Notes Section C. Notes to Debtor Questionnaire (MOR-7) for form explanations